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Please read this outline in conjunction with the following pages on the School of Medical Sciences website:
- Advice for Students
- Learning Resources
(or see "STUDENTS" tab at medicalsciences.med.unsw.edu.au)
Course Staff

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Course details

**Credit Points:** 6 UOC

**Course Pre-requisites**  
PHPH2101- Physiology 1A or PHPH2121- Principles of Physiology A or PHSL2501- Human Physiology A  
or NEUR2201- Neuroscience Fundamentals

**Course Description**  
This course examines how movement is controlled from brain to skeletal muscle. The major themes are the contribution of the brain and spinal cord to the control of movement, muscle function, motor learning, movement disorders, fatigue and ageing. A series of advanced practical classes will range from experiments with isolated mammalian muscle to human studies with electromyography. The lectures, practicals and tutorials will be complemented by a series of expert seminars which provide insight into current research in the field and reinforce the relationship between integrative neuromotor function, movement physiology and the cellular and molecular physiology underlying muscle and motor control.
Course Aims

To encourage the development of:

1. an understanding of how the brain and spinal cord interact to produce different movements
2. an understanding of skeletal muscle function and adaptation
3. an understanding of the mechanisms of motor learning and factors that influence motor learning
4. an awareness of the mechanisms and current treatments of various neuromuscular disorders
5. an appreciation of current techniques and future directions in movement neuroscience research

Understanding the motor system is a vibrant research area in brain sciences, spanning, for example, the molecular genetics of muscle tissue, the cellular physiology of motoneurones, the plasticity of nerve cells in the brain, animal models of diseases of movement, unravelling systems physiology in human subjects, and engineering control theories to identify the fundamental principles of motor control. In this course, you will be encouraged to learn and understand more about the physiology of the neuromuscular system. The emphasis is on how the central nervous, sensory and muscular systems work together to produce movements and how this is disrupted by disease and normal ageing.

Student Learning Outcomes

This term is used to describe what it is that you should be able to do, explain or understand if you have learned effectively in the course. For each lecture, tutorial, practical and assessment item, the expected learning outcomes will be explicitly stated. The assessment in the course will be matched as closely as possible to the stated learning outcomes. That is, the assessment will test how well you have achieved the learning outcomes of the course. The general learning outcomes for the course are as follows:

At the end of the course you should:

- Be able to communicate a mature understanding of how skeletal muscle and the nervous system work to generate controlled movements at a level sufficient for effective communication with health care professionals.
- Have an understanding of the key theoretical concepts in the field of movement neuroscience in order to allow easy extension of your understanding beyond the material covered in this course to specific topics that may be important in future clinical, research or educational contexts.
- Have an awareness of current and (likely) future directions in movement neuroscience research and an ability to independently research the literature to address questions related to the field that may arise in your future professional activities.
- Be competent in the use of basic EMG and nerve stimulation techniques for research and clinical procedures.

Graduate Attributes Developed in this Course – for Medical Science and Science Students

- the skills involved in scholarly enquiry
- an in-depth engagement with disciplinary knowledge in its interdisciplinary context
- the capacity for analytical and critical thinking
- the ability to engage in independent learning
- Information Literacy – the skills to locate, evaluate and use relevant information
- the skills of effective communication
Graduate Attributes Developed in this Course – for Exercise Physiology Students

- Understand the relationship between physical activity and health
- Apply clinical skills and knowledge relevant to cardiopulmonary, metabolic, musculoskeletal and neuromuscular rehabilitation
- Engage in independent and reflective learning for the betterment of professional clinical practice, following an evidence-based approach
- Communicate effectively with patients, colleagues and other health professionals

Rationale for the inclusion of content and teaching approach

How the course relates to the exercise physiology profession (for students in program 3871-Exercise Physiology) A solid understanding of mechanisms by which humans plan and execute movement is central to a comprehensive training program in exercise science, and critical for effective professional practice in exercise rehabilitation.

How the course relates to other courses in the Exercise Physiology program – The information and ideas presented in this course will build upon material on muscle and nervous system and function from the second level Anatomy and Physiology courses you have taken. This course also provides a conceptual base that is essential for the neuromuscular and musculoskeletal rehabilitation courses later in the program

Teaching Strategies

Lectures – This approach is used to present relatively large amounts of information at a time on specific topics throughout the course. PDF copies of the lecture notes will be available on Moodle prior to each lecture, so you should be able to think about and develop an understanding of the lecture concepts as they are presented, rather than writing voluminous notes. However, there will be information and explanations presented in lectures in addition to those covered in the notes that you should take down if they help you to understand the material. The lecturer will also try to allow some time for interaction and activities in each lecture to provide you with an opportunity to clarify or reinforce the ideas that have been presented. You should take these opportunities to think about the information that has been presented and ask questions to enhance your understanding.

Practicals – The purpose of the practical components of the course are twofold. The first purpose is to help you to develop technical skills that will be relevant in your professional career. It is essential that you obtain some hands-on experience with the major research and/or clinical techniques in human motor control, before you begin your practicum or the clinical rehabilitation courses. The second purpose is to use experiments to demonstrate and reinforce key theoretical concepts that have been covered in lectures. The questions contained in the practical outlines will guide your learning in this respect.

Tutorials – This format provides a more informal learning environment than a lecture. The sessions in weeks 3-6 will be structured around a “classic” research paper chosen from a field relevant to the course content from the preceding week. Students will be requires to read the paper (which will be available on Moodle) before the tutorial. Students will then be encouraged to participate either by speaking or active listening in the structured discussion based around the classic paper. The purpose of these sessions is to enable the students to gain a core understanding of the scientific basis of the discipline. For details of the tutorials in week 7-12 please see the timetabled slots. Attendance at Tutorials is compulsory and an attendance role will be taken.
Blended flipped classroom week 6- Students will be given access to lecture and video material describing sarcopenia and explaining the modern approached to research and therapy. Available via Moodle in week 5. This component will be assessed in the final exam with one SAQ devoted to the content accessed in the blended learning module. Students are required to carry out this component as a self-directed learning task. One hour has been allocated in the formal teaching timetable.

Blended learning weeks 10&12– The blended learning is designed to leverage the perspectives from the motor control lectures working on the content to produce a consolidated set of answers to the questions set (based on the content covered provided by Dr Ingvars Birznieks) in order to encourage broad communication for students across the motor control discipline. The blended tutorial sessions will review existing motor control lectures and make a set of summaries and ideas that will reflect the understanding of the students. Students will produce their own audio visual products to be used as blended learning aids. Created media products will be peer marked and ranked. Best products will be demonstrated in the lecture theatre. Creativity and engagement is a key component of the blended learning experience.

Independent study – There is insufficient time in the lectures, tutorials and practicals for you to develop a deep understanding of the concepts covered in this course. In order for you to achieve the learning outcomes that will be assessed, you will need to revise the material presented in the course regularly. You will probably also need to do additional reading beyond the lecture materials in order to learn effectively. Relevant additional resources will be cited in each lecture.

Assessments – These tasks have been chosen as tools to enhance and guide your learning as well as a way of measuring performance, and are therefore central teaching strategy in this course.

Course Evaluation and Development

A Course and Teaching Evaluation and Improvement (CATEI) survey will be provided in the final weeks of the course to formally gather student feedback.

In response to feedback from previous students we have:
1) Altered the format of the tutorials so that they’re now more structured and based around a classic research paper, and
2) increased the duration of the practical sessions and expanded on the details provided in the instructions for practical classes and halved the class sizes to allow more student-instructor interaction.
3) Removed 1 EMG practical which was thought to be repetitive and replaced it with a new interactive session on the causes and treatment of conditions which effect motor control.
4) Reduced the didactic lecture contend by 30%.
5) Changed the format of the short answer questions in the exams so that the students have a choice of questions to answer, whereas previously all short answer questions were compulsory.

Deferred Exams

It is intended that supplementary exams for the School of Medical Sciences in Semester 1, 2016 will be held MID-END July 2016.
RESOURCES

See also: Learning Resources

Textbooks

Suggested Reference Books

Students in Advanced Science (Neuroscience) or Medical Sciences may prefer to use the textbook:

Suggested Reference Journals

ASSESSMENT

Assessment of your learning in the course will be achieved through examinations. The examination format tests your ability to recall and communicate knowledge of the subject matter without outside resources and in a time-constrained context.

These requirements are similar to those encountered when dealing with a client or patient in a face-to-face setting, or when communicating with other health professionals or researchers. The examinations will be designed to determine how well you have achieved the general learning outcomes outlined above, and the specific learning outcomes outlined in each lecture/practical/tutorial.

The classic paper assignment will assess your ability to access and interpret the scientific literature in the field of muscle and motor control, and to demonstrate your understanding of the material by designing your own hypothetical experimental paper. You may be required to perform similar tasks in many professional settings within exercise physiology practice or medical research. For example, you will refer to the scientific literature to inform clinic exercise prescription.

Summary of Assessment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Summary of Assessment</th>
<th>% Total Marks</th>
<th>Due Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ASSESSMENT TASK 1 - PROGRESS EXAMINATION (1 HOUR)</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>Week 6 Tuesday 14th April</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASSESSMENT TASK 2 - END OF SESSION EXAMINATION (2 HOURS)</td>
<td>MCQ: 25% Short ans: 25%</td>
<td>Exam period</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASSESSMENT TASK 3 – CLASSIC PAPER ASSIGNMENT</td>
<td>Paper 20%</td>
<td>Assessment task due in Friday 8th May (Week 9)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASSESSMENT TASK 4 – BLENDED LEARNING ASSIGNMENT SEE PAGE 9</td>
<td>Project 7% Participation in peer marking 3%</td>
<td>Wednesday May 20th Saturday May 23rd</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ASSESSMENT TASK 1 – Progress Examination

The purpose of this exam is to test your understanding of the concepts covered in the course during weeks 1-5 (lectures 1 – 10) plus the two practical sessions in weeks 2/4 and 4/5. The format will be a mixture of multiple choice and short answer questions. The exam will be held during the lecture timeslots, thus all students are required to attend on this day. A practice exam will be available on Moodle a week prior to the progress exam.

ASSESSMENT TASK 2 – End of session Examination

The purpose of this exam is to test your understanding of the concepts covered in the course including weeks 1-5. It will include questions which cover the remaining practical component of the course weeks7/8;9/10;11/12. The format will be multiple choice and short answer questions. The exam will be held during the end of session exam period. A practice exam will be available on Moodle in the final week of the teaching session.
ASSESSMENT TASK 3 – classic paper assignment

Classic paper assessment component
In the tutorial on week eight, Students will be assigned one of the four classic papers presented in the tutorials weeks 2 to 5. The papers will be assigned randomly and is important that students make sure they attend all the classic paper tutorials. Attendance at the tutorials is compulsory. A role may be taken.

Section 1 This will be 50% of this assessment.
For the written classic paper assignment students will provide a synopsis of the assigned classic paper both from their reading of the paper and the notes they made on the discussion which will take place during the tutorial. It is in the student’s best interests to ensure that they are prepared for each tutorial and participate in the discussion either directly or by active listening. This section must be no longer than 1000 words. Any text beyond this limit will be deleted. This section is structured to include:
1. Background of physiological context (10% 200 words)
2. Experimental approach, including techniques used and data analysis (10% 200 words).
3. Principal findings (10%, 200 words)
4. Statement of why this is a “classic” paper i.e. uptake and development of the field from this point (20%, 400 words).

Section 2 This will be 50% of this assessment.
In the second section of the assignment students will use the paper as the foundation in order to design an experiment to advance the hypothesis and findings laid out in the classic paper, extending the research.
1. This should be in the format of an experimental aim. (15% 300 words)
2. Provide an experimental design and methods designed to test their aim(15% 300 words)
3. Finally the students should undertake a thought experiment and predict the type of data they would expect to generate in their hypothetical experiments. The data in this section should be in the form of Tables, diagrams or graphs, students need to put some thought into the best way of analysing their data and they can use either one or a combination of these formats including figure legends – pay particular care to the labelling of the diagrams and figures. (20% 400 words).

Learning Outcomes for Assignment 3
- To develop and refine the skills needed to obtain information on a topic in muscle and motor control from scientific journals
- To improve your ability to interpret and assess scientific articles
- To develop your ability to comprehend and extend a field of scientific research.

Learning Outcomes for Assignment 4
- To work as an effective member of a multimedia educational team.
- To improve your ability to present complex scientific ideas in a straightforward manner using a video style format.
- To understand and engage in the process of Peer assessment using Moodle.
Submission of Assessment Tasks
Classic paper reports are to be submitted electronically through Turnitin via Moodle (NO HARD COPY).
Blended learning assignment should be uploaded to YouTube. Dr Ingvars Birznieks will confirm details during your Tutorial in week 11.

Penalties for late submission of assignments – In cases where an extension has NOT been granted, the following penalties will apply: For assignments submitted after due date, a penalty of 50% of the maximum marks available for that assignment will be incurred. A further 25% of the maximum possible allocated marks (i.e., a total of 75%) will be deducted from assignments which are two (2) days late. Assignments received more than two (2) days after the due date will not be allocated a mark, however, these assignments must still be submitted to pass the unit.

Assignment Marking Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classic Paper</th>
<th>High Distinction</th>
<th>Distinction</th>
<th>Credit</th>
<th>Pass</th>
<th>Fail</th>
<th>Mark</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Section 1</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Background of physiological context</td>
<td>Well presented, Clearly written, Concise, Comprehensive overview</td>
<td>Neatly presented, Clearly written Concise, Good overview</td>
<td>Neatly presented Acceptable written expression Good</td>
<td>Neatly presented, Some errors in written expression Adequate overview</td>
<td>Incorrect length, Untidy, Poorly written Incomplete overview</td>
<td>10</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Experimental approach, including techniques used</td>
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<td>• Principal findings and data analysis</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Statement of why</td>
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<td><strong>Section 2</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>• an experimental aim</td>
<td>Clearly written, Concise insightful critique Including original ideas</td>
<td>Clearly written, Concise critique. Including some original ideas</td>
<td>Clearly written, Possibly with original ideas</td>
<td>Some errors in written expression acceptable summary but lacking original thought</td>
<td>Poorly written Inadequate Unable to demonstrate understanding of the task</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ASSESSMENT TASK 4 – Blended learning assignment

The project
For the project students will choose one of the motor control mechanisms reviewed during the Motor control discussion tutorial. Project may be also based on relevant literature research. It is expected that students will produce a short educational video or use any widely accessible audio-visual means and animations to explain the underlying principles and demonstrate it in action. This is group assignment performed by 3-4 students. While it is teamwork and everyone is expected to take part in every step of the production, in some situations, when communication between team members is less efficient, it is suggested that the group assigns task-coordinating responsibilities to individuals. For example group may name one student coordinating the narrative, one student coordinating the screenplay and one or two students coordinating the video editing.

The videos should be no longer than 3 minutes. It is idea that counts, video quality should not matter while it is sufficient to convey the message. You can use your smartphone, i-device, webcam or digital camera. You can digitally edit and combine separately shot videos or shoot as one continuous take requiring no editing. The videos can also be made entirely from animated slide presentations created by software like PowerPoint, Keynote or similar allowing to save presentations as video files.

It is suggested that the videos are uploaded to YouTube. You should carefully consider privacy settings and respect copyright. Depending on content usually the most appropriate YouTube setting is that videos remain unlisted (could not be found by search engine) and are shared by a private link. The videos should be made freely accessible for peer marking and public demonstration in the classroom. If there are concerns, instead of uploading videos on-line, you can submit video files via MOODLE and grant permissions to demonstrate submitted file in the classroom.

The videos require some embedded text recapping the main concepts. The videos should start with a title page and finish with end credits stating individual contributions, software used to create it and links to audio-visual materials taken from elsewhere (you should indicate duration and time of insertion point). Each video submission should be accompanied with one multiple choice question related to the content of video. It has to include at least 4 answer choices indicating a correct answer.

The process of video creation will be demonstrated during one of the tutorials. Updated technical instructions will be given during the course.

Peer marking
Created blended learning products will be peer marked by other students enrolled in this course. Students will receive marks for participation in the peer marking process. The final mark will be decided by course convenors based on the average peer mark.
Peer Marking Criteria

- **Scientific quality of the narrative (3 marks):** scientific depth (1 mark), scientific correctness (2 marks).
- **Media learning value (4 marks) as detailed in the table**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>4 marks</th>
<th>3 marks</th>
<th>2 marks</th>
<th>1 mark</th>
<th>0 marks</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Media learning value:</strong> clever, engaging, entertaining, demonstrations helping to explain difficult concepts and promoting interest in the topic.</td>
<td>Product has high learning and entertaining value.</td>
<td>Product has good learning value.</td>
<td>Product has little learning value.</td>
<td>Product requires amendments to be considered for learning.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explanation of scientific concept is significantly aided by screenplay and audio visual means. Visually appealing or humorous presentation.</td>
<td>The investigated concept is explained well, but presentation is not sufficiently engaging.</td>
<td>Project has shortcomings explaining the scientific concept. Presentation is not engaging.</td>
<td>Project identifies the question, but fails to explain it properly.</td>
<td>Project has no substance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>TUTORIAL /SEMINAR</td>
<td>LECTURE 1</td>
<td>LECTURE 2</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Tuesday 9-10 am Colombo Theatre B</td>
<td>Tuesday 10-11 am Colombo Theatre B</td>
<td>Tuesday 11-12pm Colombo Theatre C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>29 Feb</td>
<td>Levels of assumed knowledge plus discussing the Classic paper concept SH</td>
<td>L1 - Course introduction <strong>SH</strong></td>
<td>L2 Skeletal muscle: mechanisms of force generation including excitation-contraction coupling and a critical discussion of the different research techniques. <strong>SH</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>4 Apr</td>
<td>Classic Paper Assignment –session 3 <strong>IB</strong></td>
<td>L9 – Motor Unit and motoneuron recruitment and control. The size principle. <strong>IB</strong></td>
<td>L10 – Spinal control of locomotion– muscle and cutaneous afferents and reflexes <strong>IB</strong></td>
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<tr>
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<td>11 Apr</td>
<td><strong>L11 - PROGRESS EXAM</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Week</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>TUTORIAL /SEMINAR</td>
<td>LECTURE 1</td>
<td>LECTURE 2</td>
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<td>Tuesday 9-10 am</td>
<td>Tuesday 10-11 am</td>
<td>Tuesday 11-12pm</td>
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<td>Colombo Theatre B</td>
<td>Colombo Theatre B</td>
<td>Colombo Theatre C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>18 Apr</td>
<td>Classic Paper</td>
<td>L13 - Muscle fatigue; the price of sporting success and a consequence of disease and normal aging</td>
<td>L14 - Muscle cramp in the young and old; causes and treatments (Tonic water?)</td>
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<td>Assignment –session 4</td>
<td>SH</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>25 Apr</td>
<td>Progress exam discussion</td>
<td>L15 - Brain and movement (the ascending and descending tracts)</td>
<td>L16 - Cortical control of movement</td>
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<td>SH</td>
<td>IB</td>
<td>JM</td>
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</table>

**Assessment task due in via Turnitin Friday May 6th end of week 9**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Week</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Tutorial (Muscle kinetics and drug action )</th>
<th>L17 - Motor learning and internal models</th>
<th>L18 – Sensorimotor control – voluntary movement, feedback and feed-forward control</th>
<th>EMG – Hoffmann Reflex 3hrs</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>02 May</td>
<td>SH</td>
<td>IB</td>
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<td>CL/IB</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>09 May</td>
<td>Blended learning 1</td>
<td>L19 - Cerebellum and motor control: learning &amp; disorders</td>
<td>L20 - Basal Ganglia in motor control, including Parkinson’s disease</td>
<td>EMG – Hoffmann Reflex 3hrs</td>
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<td>IB</td>
<td>IB</td>
<td>CL/IB</td>
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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>16 May</td>
<td>Motor control discussion</td>
<td>L21 – Sensorimotor control of dexterous manipulation in humans</td>
<td>L22 - Neural aspects of fatigue</td>
<td>Pathology of motor control including Parkinson’s. 3hrs</td>
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<td>IB</td>
<td>IB</td>
<td>JT</td>
<td>IB</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>23 May</td>
<td>Blended learning 2</td>
<td>L23 – Plasticity and adaptation to training and disuse</td>
<td>L24 - Stroke and rehabilitation</td>
<td>Pathology of motor control including Parkinson’s. 3hrs</td>
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<td>IB</td>
<td>CL</td>
<td>IB</td>
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**Study Period 6th June- 9th June: Exam period 10th-27th June**